Waist High Raised Garden Bed

Dimensions of standard box for 2ft x 6ft (decided because of the generally narrow yards of homeowners, but dimensions can be slightly altered if wanted/needed i.e. 3ftx6ft)

Waist High Raised Garden Bed: Online instructions for reference: http://www.ehow.com/how_7859349_construct-raised-garden-bed-table.html



These are instructions for a 2ft x 6ft box. Depending on the width of the yard and the homeowner's preference, it is possible to change the dimensions to make the box a little larger or smaller. A 2'x6' box is manageable in a narrow backyard and can be easily accessed from both sides.

Note: Untreated cedar is best for garden boxes to insure that the vegetables grown are free of chemicals and the wood will be able to stand weathering.

For the 2'x6' box, 3 ft high:

- 2 cedar boards (untreated wood), 1"x8"x6'
- 2 cedar boards 1"x8"x2'
- 1 sheet of ³/₄ inch plywood, 22inches x6ft (2 inches shorter width than the boards)
- 4 cedar steaks 2"x2", 6 inches long
- 4 cedar posts 4"x4", 3ft long
- Landscaping fabric (enough to cover bottom and a few inches up the sides inside the box-21ft² is more than enough)
- Enough soil or compost to fill the bed 6-8 inches high Tools for application:
 - Galvanized wood screws
 - Drill
 - ¹/₂ Drill bit
 - $8, \frac{1}{2}$ inch lag bolts
 - Nuts and washers

- Wrench
- Staple gun + staples
- Circle saw
- Tape measure

It will make life easier to also have:

• Level

Instructions:

- 1. Lay 2 of the 6ft boards on their 1 inch widths so that they run parallel to one another and are spaced 2 feet apart.
- 2. Position a 2ft long board at the end of one of the 6ft long boards to form a 90 degree angle. Align the boards so that the end of the 6ft board is set against the face of the 2ft boards.
- 3. Drill two screws through each of the two 2ft long boards and into the ends of the 6ft boards at each corner to create a rectangular frame.
- 4. Stand a 6-inch stake upright in each inside corner of the frame. There should be a 2-inch gap between the top of the stakes and the upper edge of the frame.
- 5. Drill screws through the frame and into the stakes to secure them to the corners.
- 6. Set the sheet of plywood over the frame and allow it to slip between the frame boards. The plywood will come to rest on the stakes set in the corners.
- 7. Set screws every 6 inches along the outside of the frame to secure the plywood to the frame.
- 8. Stand the four posts upright and position one post into the inside of each corner over the plywood.
- 9. Drill holes through the frame and posts along the frame's sides where the posts and framework touch.
- 10. Slip a lag bolt through each drilled hole and secure the accompanying nut to attach the posts to the frame.
- 11. Flip the table right side up and rest it on the post legs.
- 12. Drill eight to nine scattered ¹/₂-inch holes into the plywood; these will serve as drainage holes.
- 13. Spread a piece of landscaping fabric over the plywood and use a staple gun to attach the fabric to the edge of the frame in 1-foot intervals.
- 14. Place the garden table in its new location on level ground
- 15. Add soil/compost
- 16. Plant vegetables!!

Example rain barrel from Lowe's:



\$108.78

Good value for a 40 gallon barrel

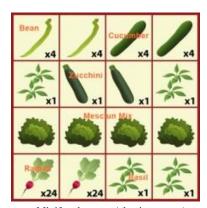
Barrel installation:

Items you will need:

- Rain barrel
- 2 cinder blocks
- Hacksaw/loppers
- Hose clamps
- Overflow hose
- Mosquito dunk (optional)
- 1. Decide where you want the rain barrel to go. Under a gutter spout and ideally, where it could get some sun that is close to the plants you intend to water
- 2. Level dirt where you would like the rain barrel to be and make a base for the bricks or cinderblocks to allow for water spout to be elevated
- 3. Cut off gutter with hacksaw or loppers and reattach the elbow part
- 4. Then, attach plastic tubing with hose clamps from the gutter spout to the barrel
- 5. Connect overflow hose to barrel and lead away from the foundation of the house

Note: To winterize rain barrel- avoid freezing the barrel full- either drain and put it away in a garage/somewhere sheltered, or drain with spigots open

Planting Vegetables in the Garden Box!



example of 4ftx4ft garden box lay out

www.Minifarmbox.com/plantingmenus/

Instructions:

Plant a different vegetable in every 1-by-1 ft square in garden bed

Mesclun Salad Mix:

- Planting Depth: 1/8"
- Soil Temp. for Germ.: 50-80°F
- Days to Germ.: 2-15
- Plant Spacing: 3"-8"
- Days to Maturity: 25-65
- Conditions: Partial Shade to Full
- Sun. Water Often

Cocozelle Zuchini:

- Planting depth: 1"
- Soil temp for Germ.: 65-90°F
- Days to germ.: 3-7
- Plant Spacing: 3'
- Days to maturity: 55
- Conditions: Full Sun
- Moderate Water

Cherry Belle Radish:

- Planting depth: 1/2"
- Soil temp for Germ.: 45-75°F
- Days to germ.: 3-6
- Plant Spacing: 1"-2"
- Days to maturity: 20-30
- Conditions: Full sun.
- Water Often

Genovese sweet basil:

- Planting depth: 1"
- Soil temp for Germ.: 65-90°F
- Days to germ.: 3-7
- Plant Spacing: 3'
- Days to maturity: 55
- Conditions: Full sun.
- Moderate water

Purple Beauty bell pepper:

- Planting Depth: 1/4"
- Soil Temp. for Germ.: 70-90°F
- Days to Germ.: 8-14
- Plant Spacing: 12"-18"
- Days to Maturity: 70-80
- Conditions: Full Sun
- Moderate Water

Yellow crookneck summer squash:

- Ianting depth: 1"
- Soil temp for Germ.: 65-90°F
- Days to germ.: 3-7
- Plant Spacing: 3'
- Days to maturity: 55
- Conditions: Full sun.
- Moderate water.

Butternut squash:

- Planting depth: 1"
- Soil temp for Germ.: 65-90°F
- Days to germ.: 3-7
- Plant Spacing: 2-3'
- Days to Maturity: 100-110
- Conditions: Full sun.
- Moderate water.

Carrots:

- Planting Depth: 3/8"
- Soil Temp. for Germ.: 55-75°F
- Days to Germ.: 6-14
- Plant Spacing: 1"-13"
- Days to Maturity: 70-90
- Conditions: Full Sun
- Moderate Water

Arugula:

- Planting Depth: 1/4"-1/2"
- Soil Temp. for Germ.: 45-70°F
- Days to germ.: 3-7
- Plant Spacing: 2-4"
- Days to maturity: 35-45
- Conditions: Full Sun/Partial Shade
- Moderate water.

Viroflay Spinach:

- Planting Depth: 1/2"-1"
- Soil Temp. for Germ.: 50-70°F
- Days to Germ.: 6-12
- Plant Spacing: 8"-12"
- Days to Maturity: 45-50
- Conditions: Full sun.
- Water often

Red Russian Kale:

- Planting Depth: 1/4"-1/2"
- Soil Temp. for Germ.: 55-85°F
- Days to Germ.:3-10
- Plant Spacing: 12-18"
- Days to Maturity: 50-60
- Conditions: Full Sun/Partial Shade
- Moderate Water.

Red Beet:

- Planting Depth: 1/2"
- Soil Temp. for Germ.: 45-85°F
- Days to Germ.: 5-10
- Plant Spacing: 3"- 4"
- Days to Maturity: 55-65
- Conditions: Partial shade to full Sun
- Moderate water.

Early Jalapeno Chile pepper:

- Planting Depth: 1/4"
- Soil Temp. for Germ.: 70-90°F
- Days to Germ.: 8-14
- Plant Spacing: 18"
- Days to Maturity: 75-85
- Conditions: Full Sun.
- Moderate water.

Bunching/green onions:

- Planting depth: 1/4"
- Soil temp for Germ.: 70-90°F
- Days to germ.: 8-14
- Plant Spacing: 12"-18"
- Days to maturity: 70-80
- Conditions: Full sun.
- Moderate water.

Cherry Tomatoes:

Will work best to plant young plants, not seedlings